

BEGIN APRIL 3, 1960

30.24-10401

A10

KHRUSHCHEV BUDGET (480)
BY STANLEY JOHNSON

MOSCOW -048) 3 (AP)-PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV FLEW HOME FROM PARIS TODAY TO A CHEERING RECEPTION FROM THOUSANDS OF RUSSIANS. HE DECLARED HE WAS "GREATLY SATISFIED" WITH RESULTS OF HIS FRENCH JOURNEY.

THE FIRST CHEERS BROKE OUT FROM HUNDREDS OF MOSCOVITES AS HE APPEARED AT THE DOOR OF HIS IL18 PROP-JET PLANE AT FLAG-DECKED VNUKOVKA AIRPORT. KHRUSHCHEV WAVED HIS HAT. THE DIPLOMATIC CORPS AND MOST GOVERNMENT LEADERS WAITED IN BRILLIANT SUNSHINE TO GREET HIM.

KHRUSHCHEV WALKED DOWN THE LINE OF ASSEMBLED DIPLOMATS WITH PRESIDENT KLEMENTI Y. VOROSHILOV. HE STOPPED TO TALK TO COUNT JEAN DE LA GRANDVILLE, FRANCE'S CHARGE D'AFFAIRES. IT WAS THEN THE PREMIER GAVE HIS ASSESSMENT OF HIS FRENCH VISIT.

HE SAID HE WAS NOT ONLY SATISFIED WITH THE RESULTS OF HIS TOUR BUT WAS TOUCHED BY THE WELCOME IN PARIS AND ELSEWHERE. HE EXPRESSED HOPE HIS VISIT WOULD STRENGTHEN FRENCH-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP.

HE ALSO STOPPED TO SHAKE HANDS WITH U.S. AMBASSADOR LLEWELLYN THOMPSON AND ASKED IN RUSSIAN: "HOW IS YOUR HEALTH?" THOMPSON, REPLYING IN THE SAME LANGUAGE, THANKED THE PREMIER FOR HIS INQUIRY. KHRUSHCHEV ALSO GREETED ISRAELI AMBASSADOR ARIEH MARELL AND MADE A SPECIAL POINT OF SHAKING HANDS WITH MARELL'S SON, NIMROD, AND THE YOUNG DAUGHTER OF AN ISRAELI SECRETARY.

THE PREMIER LOOKED FIT AND ENERGETIC, PROMPTING RADIO MOSCOW TO SAY THAT "AFTER SUCH AN EXHAUSTING TRIP, ONE CAN ONLY WONDER HOW HE REMAINS SO FULL OF ENERGY."

BEFORE LEAVING THE AIRPORT, KHRUSHCHEV TALKED WITH COMMUNIST PARTY AND GOVERNMENT LEADERS. RADIO MOSCOW SAID SINCE HE HAD BEEN AWAY FOR 11 DAYS "THEY HAVE MANY QUESTIONS TO ASK HIM."

MRS. KHRUSHCHEV, WARING A LIGHT GRAY TOPCOAT AND A TRADITIONAL RUSSIAN SHAWL, SAID HELLO TO THE PEOPLE AT THE AIRPORT. SHE CARRIED A BIG BOUQUET OF FLOWERS GIVEN HER IN PARIS. THE PUBLIC ADDRESS SYSTEM TOLD THE CROWD THAT IN FRANCE THE PEOPLE HAD NICKNAMED HER "NICE NINA."

KHRUSHCHEV HOPPED ALONE INTO THE FRONT SEAT OF HIS LIMOUSINE BESIDE THE DRIVER AND HEADED FOR MOSCOW.

BEFORE HIS ARRIVAL, RADIO MOSCOW'S LOCAL BROADCAST CALLED ON THE CITIZENS TO TURN OUT AND GREET HIM.

"APPARENTLY YOU MOSCOVITES WANT TO SAY HELLO," THE RADIO SAID. "WELL, IN 20 OR 25 MINUTES NIKITA SERGEVITCH WILL BE DRIVING THROUGH THE STREETS AND YOU WILL HAVE YOUR CHANCE."

THE PEOPLE TURNED OUT BY THE HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS. IN PLACES THEY WERE JAMMED SO THICKLY IN THE EIGHT-LANE HIGHWAY LEADING FROM THE AIRPORT TO THE SOUTHWEST SECTION OF THE CITY THAT HIS LIMOUSINE HAD DIFFICULTY PUSHING THROUGH.

KHRUSHCHEV WAVED AND SMILED.

THE SOVIET PRESS GREETED HIS RETURN WITH HEADLINES AND STORIES SAYING HIS FRENCH VISIT WAS A TRIUMPH FOR HIS MISSION OF PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP.

THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER PRAVDA'S BANNER SAID: "THE U.S.S.R. AND FRANCE: FRIENDLY RELATIONS BETWEEN OUR COUNTRIES WILL FACILITATE THE EASING OF INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS AND THE STRENGTHENING OF PEACE."

THE GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER IZVESTIA'S BANNER SAID: "LIVE IN PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP WITH ALL PEOPLES."

"HISTORIC VISIT SUCCESSFULLY CONCLUDED," SAID KOMSOMOLSKAYA PRAVDA, ORGAN OF THE YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE.

THE DISPLAY IN HEADLINE AND EXTENSIVE SPACE WAS A PRELUDE TO WHAT IS COMING TOMORROW. HE IS SCHEDULED TO SPEAK AT A FRENCH-RUSSIAN FRIENDSHIP RALLY IN THE AFTERNOON.

THE SPEECH IN THE SPORTS PALACE OF GIANT LENIN STADIUM IS EXPECTED TO KEEP THE INTERNATIONAL BOAT FROM ROCKING BEFORE THE SUMMIT MEETING TAKES KHRUSHCHEV BACK TO PARIS NEXT MONTH. *reaction*

IT COULD CONTAIN THE FIRST HIGH-LEVEL SOVIET TO THE SECOND FRENCH NUCLEAR BOMB TEST IN THE SAHARA AND TO THE PRESIDENT EISENHOWER - PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN PRONOUNCEMENT ON A NUCLEAR WEAPONS BAN.

RA/WH1234PES

1960

A17

(700)
EDITOR'S NOTE-PRESTON GROVER, ASSOCIATED PRESS CHIEF OF BUREAU IN MOSCOW, WENT TO FRANCE TO COVER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV'S TOUR. THIS IS GROVER'S ASSESSMENT OF THE SOVIET PREMIER'S 11-DAY VISIT TO FRANCE.

-DASH-

KHRUSHCHEV INTERPRETIVE BUDGET

BY PRESTON GROVER

PARIS, APRIL 3 (AP)-PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, TIRED BUT STILL FULL OF BOUNCE, LEFT FRANCE TODAY PROCLAIMING OPTIMISM FOR PEACE BUT AWARE THAT HE HAD BUMPED INTO A TOUGH CUSTOMER IN PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE.

HE LEFT BEHIND, HOWEVER, AN IMPRESSION OF CONFIDENCE IN HIS COUNTRY AND IN HIMSELF THAT ATTRACTED MANY FRENCHMEN, JUST AS IT ATTRACTED MANY AMERICANS DURING HIS VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES LAST YEAR.

BUT FRENCHMEN WERE NOT BOWLED OVER NOR WERE OFFICIALS HERE OR ELSEWHERE IN FRANCE BOWLED OVER BY HIS DECLARATIONS. HE TRIED HARD TO DEMONSTRATE TO FRENCHMEN THAT WEST GERMANY WAS AN UNSAFE ALLY.

MANY FRENCHMEN COMMENTED TO FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS THAT IF WEST GERMANY IS UNSAFE FOR FRANCE, THEN EAST GERMANY IS UNSAFE FOR THE SOVIET UNION.

OFFICIALLY, FRANCE REACTED TO THIS KHRUSHCHEV MANEUVER BY OFFERING WEST GERMANY TRAINING OR SUPPLY BASES IN THIS COUNTRY SO MUCH NEEDED BY THE GROWING GERMAN DEFENSE FORCE. THE OFFER WAS MADE ALONG WITH SIMILAR OFFERS FROM OTHER NATO ALLIES AT A CONFERENCE GOING ON IN PARIS DURING PART OF KHRUSHCHEV'S VISIT.

WITHOUT WAITING FOR THE FRENCH, THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT CONTRADICTED KHRUSHCHEV'S PARTING SHOT AT WEST BERLIN AT A NEWS CONFERENCE.

HE SAID ALLIED RIGHTS IN BERLIN WOULD DISAPPEAR THE MOMENT RUSSIA DECIDED TO GO AHEAD WITH A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

DURING HIS FRENCH VISIT KHRUSHCHEV REPEATEDLY HAD DECLARED HE WOULD SIGN SUCH A TREATY IF HE FAILED TO GET AN AGREEMENT ON GERMAN REUNIFICATION, EITHER AT THE COMING SUMMIT CONFERENCE OR AT SOME TIME NOT TOO MUCH LATER.

A SOVIET PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY, SAID A U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN, "CANNOT IN ANY WAY AFFECT THE RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE FOUR POWERS HAVING SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITY WITH RESPECT TO GERMANY, INCLUDING BERLIN."

KHRUSHCHEV, WHO ONCE PUSHED GERMANY TO THE FOREFRONT AS A PROBLEM FOR THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE, AGREED WITH DE GAULLE THAT IT SHOULD NOW TAKE SECOND PLACE TO DISARMAMENT.

MOREOVER, HE SAID, THE GERMAN PROBLEM COULD BE SOLVED "PROGRESSIVELY." THIS LEFT AN IMPLICATION THAT DE GAULLE HAD PERSUADED HIM TO GO PART WAY TOWARD THE WESTERN CONTENTION THAT THE GERMAN AND BERLIN PROBLEM WAS A LONG RANGE AFFAIR, TO BE SETTLED STEP BY STEP.

IF KHRUSHCHEV MADE ANY CONCESSIONS TO DE GAULLE DURING HIS 11-DAY

VISIT HERE, THIS SEEMED TO BE THE PRINCIPAL ONE. KHRUSHCHEV WAS CLEARLY PLEASED BY THE FRIENDLY BUT DIGNIFIED RECEPTION FRENCHMEN GAVE HIM ON HIS TOUR. HE EVIDENTLY WAS NOT CARRIED AWAY BY THE OUTBURSTS OF COMMUNIST PARTY GROUPS WHICH GATHERED WHEREVER HE STOPPED.

HE WAVED AT THEM BUT, WHEN THEY ATTEMPTED TO RUSH TOO CLOSELY TO HIS CAR, HE ACCEPTED THE SHELTER OF THE SECURITY FORCES, CLIMBED IN AND DROVE AWAY.

"HE IS ACTING LIKE A CHIEF OF STATE," SAID ONE FRENCH OFFICIAL ON THE TOUR, "NOT LIKE A COMMUNIST PARTY LEADER."

HE MADE LITTLE EFFORT TO DEAL WITH THE COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERS. SECURITY FORCES, COUPLED WITH A TIGHT SCHEDULE, KEPT HIM FROM MUCH MINGLING WITH CROWDS.

HE COMPLAINED IN THE UNITED STATES THAT HE WAS WALLED IN BY POLICE AND THUS DENIED CONTACT WITH AMERICANS. IF ANYTHING, HE WAS EVEN MORE WALLED IN HERE. BUT HE TOOK IT IN STRIDE, SHOOK HANDS WITH FACTORY WORKERS, TALKED TO A FEW, AND PASSED OUT SPUTNIK PINS TO YOUNGSTERS.

DE GAULLE, DIGNIFIED AS A PHARAOH, QUIETLY WENT AHEAD AND EXPLODED A SECOND ATOMIC BOMB IN THE SAHARA AFTER TELLING KHRUSHCHEV HE WAS GOING TO. KHRUSHCHEV CONFINED HIS PUBLIC REACTION TO THE MILD OBSERVATION THAT HE IS OPPOSED TO ALL ATOMIC TESTS.

THAT A TOUCH SUMMIT IS AHEAD WAS CLEARLY INDICATED BY DEVELOPMENTS IN GENEVA. ON HIS ARRIVAL, KHRUSHCHEV DECLARED CONCESSIONS MADE BY RUSSIA SEEMED TO ASSURE QUICK PROGRESS IN THE NUCLEAR TALKS AND PERHAPS IN THE DISARMAMENT TALKS.

WHAT HE DESCRIBED AS CONCESSIONS DO NOT LOOK LIKE THAT TO WESTERN OFFICIALS. LITTLE PROGRESS WAS MADE IN GENEVA WHILE KHRUSHCHEV TOURED AND TALKED IN FRANCE.

BOTH DISARMAMENT AND NUCLEAR PROBLEMS SEEMED DESTINED TO GO ON THE AGENDA OF THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE, ALONG WITH THE GERMAN QUESTION.

IN FRANCE, MOST REFUGEES LOOKED UPON AS SECURITY RISKS WERE WHISKED AWAY TO PAID VACATIONS ON OFFSHORE ISLANDS.

IN THE UNITED STATES, A NUMBER OF PEOPLE MANAGED TO GET KHRUSHCHEV'S EAR AND GOT PROMISES FOR RELEASE OF RELATIVES HELD BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN. THESE PROMISES ARE BEING KEPT. BUT FEW GOT THROUGH TO HIM HERE. ONE OR TWO APPEALED TO NEWSMEN TO INTERCEDE WITH THE SOVIET LEADER BUT DIRECT APPEALS WERE BLOCKED BY POLICE. A HUNGARIAN WOMAN, HOWEVER, GOT A LETTER INTO THE HANDS OF MRS. KHRUSHCHEV.

KHRUSHCHEV WAS TIRED WHEN HE CAME, AND TIRED WHEN HE LEFT. BUT IN GOOD VOICE, HE SAID AT THE AIRPORT ON LEAVING:

"WE MUST ACT TOGETHER TO ESTABLISH A BETTER UNDERSTANDING. WE ARE PLEASED WITH THE RESULTS THAT WE HAVE BEEN ABLE TO OBTAIN IN SO SHORT A TIME, THANKS TO OUR JOINT EFFORTS WITH GEN. DE GAULLE. THANK YOU FOR THE FRIENDLY WELCOME."

WH/RA124PES

A31

GERMAN-SOVIET BUDGET (450)
BY HERB ALTSCHULL

BONN, GERMANY, APRIL 3 (AP)-A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN ACCUSED THE RUSSIANS TODAY OF "SHAMELESS AND PHONY PROPAGANDA" IN CHARGING THE GERMAN EMBASSY IN MOSCOW SENT A HITLERITE DECORATION TO A SOVIET CITIZEN.

THE SPOKESMAN COMMENTED ON A STIFF SOVIET NOTE HANDED THE GERMAN EMBASSY IN MOSCOW LAST NIGHT. THE RUSSIANS SAID THE EMBASSY MAILED A DECORATION BEARING THE SWASTIKA EMBLEM TO A SOVIET CITIZEN NAMED IVAN GOPPE.

THE NOTE SAID GOPPE DESERTED FROM THE SOVIET ARMY IN 1941, TOOK "AN ACTIVE PART IN THE CRIMES COMMITTED BY THE GERMAN FASCIST INVADERS" IN WHITE RUSSIA, WAS CAPTURED IN 1944 AND SENTENCED THE FOLLOWING YEAR AS A TRAITOR AND WAR CRIMINAL. HE WAS FREED IN 1956.

A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN HERE SAID A CHECK WITH THE EMBASSY IN MOSCOW DISCLOSED THAT GOPPE MAILED THE MEDAL TO THE EMBASSY TO SUPPORT A PLEA THAT HE IS A GERMAN CITIZEN AND SHOULD BE REPATRIATED.

THE EMBASSY SAID THE MAN'S NAME ACTUALLY IS JOHANN HOPPE, NOT IVAN GOPPE. THE LATTER IS THE RUSSIAN EQUIVALENT OF HOPPE.

HE CLAIMED GERMAN NATIONALISM BECAUSE HE SAID HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE VOLGA GERMAN COLONY AT SARATOV, HIS BIRTHPLACE.

GOPPE OR HOPPE TOLD THE EMBASSY HE WROTE A SISTER IN GERMANY ASKING FOR DOCUMENTS TO PROVE HIS GERMAN CITIZENSHIP. SHE SENT THE ONLY DOCUMENT SHE HAD, HIS CERTIFICATE SHOWING SERVICE WITH THE GERMAN ARMY AND THE MEDAL. ALL HITLER ERA DOCUMENTS CARRIED SWASTIKAS.

THE EMBASSY SAID THE SISTER'S LETTER WAS SIMPLY FORWARDED TO GOPPE OR HOPPE. IT DENIED A SOVIET CHARGE IT WAS TRYING TO PERSUADE HIM TO TAKE GERMAN CITIZENSHIP. THE EMBASSY DETERMINED HE IS A GERMAN CITIZEN AND MAILED THE MEDAL BACK TO HIM "SINCE IT BELONGS TO HIM," THE SPOKESMAN SAID.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID THE RUSSIANS DECLARED THAT BY CHANCE THE PACKAGE FELL OPEN AT THE POST OFFICE AND THE HITLER MEDAL WAS DISCLOSED.

"YOU KNOW WHAT 'BY CHANCE' MEANS IN THE SOVIET UNION," THE OFFICIAL SAID SARCASTICALLY.

HE PRONOUNCED THE SOVIET PROTEST NOTE "RUTHLESS EXPLOITATION OF A HUMAN DESIRE TO GET OUT OF RUSSIA" AND ADDED:

"THIS IS ONE OF THE MOST SHAMEFUL AND PHONY BITS OF PROPAGANDA EVER ENGAGED IN BY THE RUSSIANS."

THE BONN FOREIGN OFFICE SAID IT WOULD SEEK TO HAVE HOPPE REPATRIATED TO WEST GERMANY. IT INDICATED A REPLY WOULD BE MADE SOON TO THE SOVIET PROTEST NOTE. HE HAS A FACTORY JOB AT KALPZTY IN THE URALS NORTHEAST OF MOSCOW.

THE RUSSIANS HAVE FOR MANY MONTHS BEEN ENGAGED IN A PROPAGANDA CAMPAIGN AIMED AT DISCREDITING THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT AND ISOLATING IT FROM ITS WESTERN ALLIES.

"EVEN IF SOME PEOPLE IN WEST GERMANY TODAY ARE SHOWING OFF THEIR NAZI DECORATIONS," THE SOVIET NOTE SAID, "SUCH AN INSULT TO THE MEMORY OF THE DEAD OF THE WAR AGAINST FASCISM IS INCONCEIVABLE."

THE NOTE DEMANDED THAT BONN ACT IMMEDIATELY TO STOP SENDING GERMAN DECORATIONS TO RUSSIAN TRAITORS.

THE FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID THE MEDAL AND CERTIFICATE WERE RETURNED TO THE MAN BECAUSE "THE EMBASSY CANNOT DEPRIVE A MAN OF HIS DOCUMENTS AND DECORATIONS."

THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT, HE SAID, "OF COURSE DOES NOT ISSUE DECORATIONS WITH SWASTIKAS. WE CAN ONLY HOPE THIS CLUMSY PROPAGANDA TRICK WILL BACKFIRE ON THE RUSSIANS."

TB217PES

A34

DISARMAMENT BUDGET (450)
BY MICHAEL GOLDSMITH

GENEVA, APRIL 3 (AP)-WESTERN OFFICIALS SAID TODAY THEIR INITIAL OPTIMISM AT THE 10-NATION DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE HAS BEEN DAMPENED BY THE CONTINUING STONEWALL TACTICS OF THE SOVIET BLOC DELEGATIONS.

THE CONFERENCE ENTERS ITS FOURTH WEEK TOMORROW WITH LITTLE TO SHOW EXCEPT TWO MUTUALLY UNACCEPTABLE PROJECTS FOR A WORLD DISARMAMENT TREATY.

THE GENERAL ATMOSPHERE OF THE CONFERENCE REMAINED POLITE LAST WEEK AND WESTERN DELEGATES INSISTED THAT "NO ONE HAS BURNED ANY BRIDGES." BUT THERE HAS BEEN NO NOTICEABLE MOVEMENT TOWARD ANY KIND OF COMPROMISE TO GET SOLID NEGOTIATION UNDER WAY. THE TWO SIDES REMAINED FIRMLY ENTRENCHED BEHIND THEIR RESPECTIVE PLANS.

WHEN THE CONFERENCE STARTED, EXPERTS SAW A MARKED DIFFERENCE FROM EARLIER TALKS: THIS TIME THERE WERE NO ARGUMENTS OVER THE AGENDA.

"NO BITTER POLEMICS ON COLD WAR DISPUTES AND NO PERSONAL FRICTION BETWEEN THE DELEGATES.

ALL THIS HAS REMAINED TRUE, BUT THREE WEEKS AND NEARLY 100 FORMAL SPEECHES BY THE TWO SIDES HAVE PRODUCED NO RESULT, AND WESTERN OFFICIALS ARE INCREASINGLY CONVINCED THAT ONLY THE PARIS SUMMIT CONFERENCE NEXT MONTH MAY BE ABLE TO BREAK THE DEADLOCK.

THE OFFICIALS NOTED WITH INTEREST THAT PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV HELD IN A PARIS NEWS CONFERENCE YESTERDAY HE CONSIDERED DISARMAMENT THE MAJOR PROBLEM BEFORE THE SUMMIT.

"THIS SUGGESTS THAT IN THE SOVIET VIEW NO PROGRESS CAN BE MADE HERE UNLESS THE BIG FOUR HEADS OF GOVERNMENT CAN AGREE ON SPECIFIC DIRECTIVES TO THE CONFERENCE," ONE WESTERN DELEGATE SAID. "IN OTHER WORDS, KHRUSHCHEV WILL SEEK SOME CONCESSION AT THE SUMMIT BEFORE HE GIVES THE SIGNAL FOR A MORE CONCILIATORY SOVIET ATTITUDE AT THIS CONFERENCE."

THUS FAR, SOVIET DELEGATE VALERIAN ZORIN--FAITHFULLY ECHOED BY POLAND, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, ROMANIA AND BULGARIA--HAS MAINTAINED AN INFLEXIBLE ALL-OR-NOTHING POSITION ON THE KHRUSHCHEV PLAN FOR TOTAL WORLD DISARMAMENT WITHIN FOUR YEARS. THE PLAN IS UNACCEPTABLE TO THE WEST MAINLY BECAUSE:

1. IT CONTAINS NO EXPLICIT CONTROL PROVISIONS TO PREVENT VIOLATIONS.
2. ITS FOUR-YEAR DEADLINE IS REGARDED BY THE WEST AS UNREALISTIC.
3. IT REJECTS THE CREATION OF AN INTERNATIONAL POLICE FORCE TO MAINTAIN WORLD ORDER IF AND WHEN NATIONAL ARMED FORCES ARE REDUCED TO THE LEVELS REQUIRED FOR INTERNAL SECURITY.

THE SOVIET BLOC, IN TURN, HAS DECLARED UNACCEPTABLE THE WESTERN DISARMAMENT PLAN DRAFTED BY THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, ITALY AND CANADA. COMMUNIST SPEAKERS HAVE GIVEN THESE MAIN REASONS FOR THEIR POSITION:

1. THE WESTERN PLAN SEEKS TO SET UP AN ELABORATE CONTROL MACHINERY WITHOUT ANY REAL DISARMAMENT.
2. THE ABSENCE OF ANY TIME LIMIT IN THE WESTERN PLAN RELEGATES TOTAL DISARMAMENT TO A MERE DISTANT HOPE.
3. THE WESTERN DEMAND FOR A CENSUS OF TROOP LEVELS AND ARMAMENTS IS AN ELABORATE ESPIONAGE PLOT.

U.S. AMBASSADOR FREDERICK M. EATON HAS MADE TWO SPECIFIC SUGGESTIONS TO BREAK THROUGH ZORIN'S POSITION. HE HAS PROPOSED ISOLATING A SINGLE DISARMAMENT MEASURE--AN AGREEMENT TO CUT AMERICAN AND SOVIET FORCES DOWN TO 2,100,000 MEN EACH, WHICH COULD FIT INTO EITHER OF THE RIVAL PLANS--AND DISCUSS HOW SUCH AN AGREEMENT WOULD BE VERIFIED. HE ALSO PROPOSED DIRECT SOVIET-AMERICAN DISCUSSIONS OF A POSSIBLE BAN ON NUCLEAR-ARMED SPACE VEHICLES.

ZORIN REJECTED THESE APPROACHES AND TOLD WESTERN DELEGATES THEY MUST ACCEPT ALL THE OBJECTIVES OF THE SOVIET PLAN IN PRINCIPLE BEFORE THERE CAN BE ANY DISCUSSION OF CONTROL DETAILS.

"HE KNOWS BETTER THAN ANYONE THAT AS LONG AS HE SAYS ALL-OR-NOTHING IT WILL BE NOTHING," ONE WESTERN OFFICIAL COMMENTED.

TB230PES

(500) ADVANCE FOR 630 PM EST TODAY
NUCLEAR TREATY

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, APRIL 3 (AP)--SEN. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (D-ARK) INDORSED TODAY A PROPOSAL THAT ALL PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES COMMIT THEMSELVES ON A RUSSIAN-PROPOSED MORATORIUM ON UNDERGROUND TESTS OF SMALL NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

FULBRIGHT, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID THAT MIGHT SOLVE THE PROBLEM POSED BY THE SOVIET'S INSISTENCE ON A FOUR OR FIVE YEAR CESSION OF SMALLER TESTS IF THE RUSSIANS AGREE TO A SAFEGUARDED TREATY BANNING LARGER EXPLOSIONS.

HE VOICED THIS VIEW IN A DISCUSSION WITH PENNSYLVANIA'S SENATORS

30.24-10403

HUGH SCOTT, REPUBLICAN, AND JOSEPH S. CLARK, DEMOCRAT, ON A TV-RADIO PROGRAM RECORDED FOR PENNSYLVANIA STATIONS.

EISENHOWER, AND BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN HAVE PROPOSED TO AGREE TO THE RUSSIANS' SUGGESTION OF A MORATORIUM ON UNDETECTABLE SMALL UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS IF THE SOVIETS AGREE TO A TREATY BANNING OTHERS, TO INSPECTION STATIONS WITHIN THE SOVIET BORDERS, AND TO JOINT RESEARCH TO DEVISE WAYS TO DETECT THE SMALLER EXPLOSIONS.

EISENHOWER HAS TAKEN THE POSITION HE CAN'T COMMIT HIMSELF ON ANY MORATORIUM BEYOND HIS TERM OF OFFICE AND EVEN IF THE RUSSIANS MAKE FIRM AGREEMENTS ON INSPECTION AND RESEARCH NO TREATY COULD BE RATIFIED BY THE SENATE BEFORE NEXT YEAR.

SCOTT ASKED FULBRIGHT WHETHER HE THOUGHT IT WOULD HELP SOLVE THE PROBLEM-- SINCE THE RUSSIANS INSIST ON MORE THAN A YEAR'S MORATORIUM -- IF PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES OF BOTH PARTIES INDICATED THEIR WILLINGNESS TO CONTINUE THE MORATORIUM.

"WELL, I THINK THAT WOULD," FULBRIGHT REPLIED.

FULBRIGHT SAID HE IS ENCOURAGED TO BELIEVE "WE ARE APPROACHING A TIME WHEN WE MAY REACH AN AGREEMENT" ON A NUCLEAR TEST BAN TREATY AND THAT ABOUT THE ONLY ITEM IN DISPUTE IS HOW LONG A MORATORIUM ON SMALLER EXPLOSIONS WOULD EXTEND.

WITHOUT COMMENTING DIRECTLY ON THE NUCLEAR BAN, SEN. JOHN F.M. KENNEDY (D-MASS) SAID HE DOESN'T THINK THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION IS MAKING SUFFICIENT EFFORTS IN THE FIELD OF DISARMAMENT.

KENNEDY, A CANDIDATE FOR THE DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION, WAS INTERVIEWED BY SEN. GEORGE A. SMATHERS (D-FLA) ON A TV PROGRAM TAPED FOR FLORIDA STATIONS.

KENNEDY CALLED IT "A DISTURBING FACT THAT WE ONLY HAVE ABOUT 100 PEOPLE IN THE WHOLE UNITED STATES WORKING ON THOSE POLICIES."

"I WOULD SAY THAT YOU NEED A MUCH GREATER EFFORT THAN WE'VE BEEN WILLING TO MAKE IN THE LAST FIVE YEARS IF WE'RE EVER GOING TO LIGHTEN THE TREMENDOUS, CRUSHING BURDEN OF THE ARMS RACE," HE SAID.

SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD (D-MONT), ASSISTANT DEMOCRATIC LEADER OF THE SENATE, SAID IN ANOTHER PROGRAM, TAPED FOR MASSACHUSETTS TV AND RADIO STATIONS, THAT HE WAS "A LITTLE DUBIOUS, A LITTLE SKEPTICAL" THAT ANY REACH ACHIEVEMENT WILL COME FROM THE SUMMIT MEETING IN PARIS NEXT MONTH.

"I CANNOT FORGET THE GENEVA CONFERENCE OF 1955, WHEREIN KHRUSHCHEV TOOK THE BALL AND ACHIEVED ANOTHER PROPAGANDA VICTORY," HE SAID.

ON STILL ANOTHER RECORDED PROGRAM (RADIO NEWS CONFERENCE), SEN. FRANK CHURCH (D-IDAHo) SAID THE PRESSURE OF WORLD OPINION MIGHT FORCE RED CHINA INTO AN INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT TO HALT ATOMIC TESTING.

ANY SYSTEM OF INSPECTION TO ENFORCE SUCH AN AGREEMENT, CHURCH SAID, WOULD EMBRACE THE ENTIRE WORLD AND RED CHINA WOULD HAVE TO BE INCLUDED.

CHURCH, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID THE RUSSIAN PROPOSAL FOR A FIVE YEAR BAN ON ATOMIC TESTING "IS OBVIOUSLY UNREASONABLE AND UNACCEPTABLE."

"I WOULD THINK THAT 18 MONTHS TO TWO YEARS MIGHT BE AS LONG AS WE WOULD BE WILLING TO ENTER INTO SUCH AN ARRANGEMENT," HE SAID.

EG407PES

A85WX

(460) ADVANCE FOR 6:30 PM EST TODAY

NUCLEAR POWER

BY JERRY T. BAULCH

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, APRIL 3 (AP)--A GOVERNMENT STUDY MADE PUBLIC TODAY INDICATED THAT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS CAN BE USED WITH "ECONOMIC ADVANTAGES" IN 4 OF 10 REMOTE U.S. BASES CONSIDERED.

PLANS ARE BEING MADE TO BUILD PLANTS AT ALL FOUR SITES-- MCMURDO SOUND IN THE ANTARCTIC, THULE IN GREENLAND, OKINAWA AND GUAM, THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE REPORTED.

IT ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT BASED ON TESTIMONY BEFORE THE COMMITTEE LAST MONTH THE ONLY THING APPARENTLY KEEPING THE GOVERNMENT FROM GOING AHEAD WITH SUCH PROJECTS "IS THE SHORTSIGHTED BUDGETING POLICY OF THE BUREAU OF THE BUDGET."

SEN. CLINTON P. ANDERSON (D-NM), CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT COMMITTEE, AND REP. CHET HOLIFIELD (D-CALIF), CHAIRMAN OF ITS LEGISLATIVE SUB-COMMITTEE, MADE THE POINTS IN RELEASING CORRESPONDENCE THEY HAD WITH BUDGET DIRECTOR MAURICE H. STANS, DEPUTY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE JAMES H. DOUGLAS, AND ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION CHAIRMAN JOHN A. MCCONE.

"THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE," THE TWO SENATORS SAID, "TESTIFIED THAT POWER REACTOR CONSTRUCTION HAS NOT BEEN RECOMMENDED BECAUSE THE INITIAL COSTS OF NUCLEAR PLANTS IS HIGHER THAN THAT OF CONVENTIONAL PLANTS. ON THE OTHER HAND THE DATA PRESENTED INDICATES THAT THE LOWER OPERATING COSTS FOR REACTORS MORE THAN OFFSET THE HIGHER INITIAL COSTS."

IN VIEW OF THIS, THEY SAID, METHODS SHOULD BE DEVELOPED TO ELIMINATE "STUMBLING BLOCKS IN ORDER THAT REAL ECONOMIES IN OUR GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES CAN BE REALIZED."

ANDERSON AND HOLIFIELD SAID THEY WILL GO FURTHER INTO THE QUESTION IN HEARINGS SCHEDULED THIS WEEK.

A MARCH 31 LETTER TO THE SENATORS FROM DOUGLAS LISTED DEFENSE DEPARTMENT PLANS TO BUILD NUCLEAR POWER REACTORS.

HE SAID THE ARMY PLANS TO BUILD A 40,000 KILOWATT NUCLEAR REACTOR ON OKINAWA SOME TIME AFTER 1963 AS SOON "AS AN ORDERLY DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE WILL PERMIT." ONE PROBLEM THERE, HE SAID, IS THAT UNDER CURRENT U.S. POLICY OKINAWAN CITIZENS CANNOT BE CHARGED MORE FOR THE POWER THAN IF CONVENTIONAL POWER WERE USED.

DOUGLAS SAID THE NAVY HAD TO CANCEL FROM ITS NEW BUDGET A NUCLEAR POWER PLANT FOR GUAM BUT PLANS TO INCLUDE IT IN THE BUDGET FOR THE YEAR STARTING JULY 1, 1961.

HE SAID PLANS ARE TO HAVE FOUR NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS IN THE ANTARCTIC--ONE AT MCMURDO SOUND BY MARCH 1963, ANOTHER THERE BY MARCH 1965, ONE AT BYRD STATION BY FEBRUARY 1964 AND ONE AT POLE STATION BY FEBRUARY 1963.

DOUGLAS SAID OTHER PRIORITIES HAD FORCED THE AIR FORCE TO DELAY PLANS FOR A NUCLEAR POWER PLANT IN THULE FOR THE BALLISTIC MISSILE EARLY WARNING SYSTEM. HOWEVER, HE SAID THE AIR FORCE AND THE AEC PLAN TO INCLUDE FUNDS FOR ONE DURING THE YEAR STARTING JULY 1, 1961.

IN ADDITION, HE SAID, "THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS HAVE OTHER SITES AT WHICH NUCLEAR POWER MIGHT OFFER TANGIBLE ADVANTAGES."

THESE ARE AT INCHON, KOREA, WHERE A 10,000 KILOWATT FLOATING PLANT HAS BEEN CONSIDERED, AND AT ASMARA, ERITREA, DOUGLAS SAID. ANOTHER POSSIBILITY HE LISTED WAS A STRATEGIC RESERVE, 20,000 KILOWATTS, ATLANTIC OCEAN FLOATING PLANT FOR THE NAVY.

STANS WROTE THAT THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT ALREADY HAS PROVIDED FUNDS FOR BUILDING TWO NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS--ONE AT FT. GREELY, ALASKA, AND AT CAMP CENTURY, GREENLAND.

CZ545PES

TOKYO, MONDAY, APRIL 4 (AP)--JAPAN AND SOUTH KOREA TOOK A STEP TODAY TOWARD PATCHING UP THEIR STORMY POSTWAR RELATIONS. JAPAN AGREED TO BUY 30,000 TONS OF RICE THIS YEAR FROM SOUTH KOREA. THE SEOUL GOVERNMENT NOTIFIED JAPAN IT WOULD LIFT IMMEDIATELY THE RESTRICTIONS IT PLACED ON IMPORTS FROM JAPAN LAST JUNE 15.

AT THE SAME TIME, THE TWO GOVERNMENTS AGREED TO REOPEN ON APRIL 15 NEGOTIATIONS FOR A TREATY AIMED AT PUTTING DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS ON A NORMAL BASIS.

JA-HF1002PES

A122

(220)

NEW YORK, APRIL 3 (AP)--A MAJOR EFFORT IN EUROPEAN UNITY, THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, WAS CALLED A PARTIAL FAILURE TODAY. A STUDY ISSUED BY THE TWENTIETH CENTURY FUND SAID THE SIX-NATION ORGANIZATION "HAS Fallen SHORT OF ITS OWN MAJOR GOALS BECAUSE OF THE UNWILLINGNESS OF THE MEMBER NATIONS TO SUPPORT A CENTRAL AUTHORITY."

LOUIS LISTER, AUTHOR OF THE STUDY, SAID THE E.C.S.C. IS MORE LIKE AN INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY THAN THE FEDERAL OR SUPRANATIONAL BODY ENVISAGED BY ITS FOUNDERS.

HOWEVER, THE STUDY CREDITED THE COMMUNITY WITH ABOLISHING CUSTOMS BARRIERS AGAINST THE TRADE OF COAL AND STEEL AMONG THE MEMBERS--BELGIUM, FRANCE, WEST GERMANY, ITALY, LUXEMBOURG AND THE NETHERLANDS.

IT ALSO WAS PRAISED FOR CREATING AN IMPORTANT ECONOMIC UNION FOR THE FIRST TIME AND FOR ADVANCING THE CAUSE OF FURTHER POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC INTEGRATION IN EUROPE.

LISTER, AN ECONOMIST WHO SERVED ON THE U.S. DELEGATION TO THE E.C.S.C. DURING ITS ESTABLISHMENT IN 1952-53, RECOMMENDED MORE ACTIVITIES AND CENTRAL POWER TO COUNTER "A PARTIAL ECONOMIC UNION DEVOID OF POLITICAL POWER."

HE OBSERVED THAT NEW ACTIVITIES WERE ADDED WITH THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY AND EURATOM (EUROPEAN COMMUNITY OF ATOMIC ENERGY), BUT THAT THE DEGREE OF CENTRAL POWER HAS BEEN REDUCED.

"IT REMAINS TO BE SEEN," HE SAID, "WHETHER OR NOT THE ADDITION OF TWO NEW COMMUNITIES TO THE E.C.S.C. WILL PAVE THE WAY FOR POLITICAL FEDERATION ITSELF. MUCH WILL DEPEND ON THE POLITICAL CURRENTS IN THE MEMBER STATES."

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY FUND IS A FOUNDATION FOR SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AND PUBLIC EDUCATION.

R853PES

1960

A81 (170)

BOMBAY, INDIA, APRIL 3 (AP)--PRIME MINISTER NEHRU SUGGESTED TODAY HE STILL CONSIDERS RED CHINA A THREAT TO INDIA'S NORTHERN BORDERS.

IN A MESSAGE TO THE INDIAN AIR FORCE ON ITS 27TH BIRTHDAY, NEHRU SAID THE MAIN TASK OF THE AIR ARM IS TO DEFEND INDIA. HE URGED THE FORCE TO REMAIN ALERT AND VIGILANT AS WELL AS EFFICIENT. THE AIR FORCE HAS TO SHOULDER NEW RESPONSIBILITIES, NEHRU DECLARED. "THIS BECAME EVIDENT IN RECENT MONTHS WHEN DANGERS THREATENED US," HE SAID. "THOSE DANGERS ARE NOT PAST."

NEHRU'S MESSAGE WAS CARRIED TO ABOUT A MILLION PERSONS ASSEMBLED OVER A FOUR-MILE STRETCH OF THE MARINE DRIVE TO WITNESS A SPECIAL AIR SHOW.

PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI OF RED CHINA WILL ARRIVE IN NEW DELHI APRIL 19 FOR TALKS WITH NEHRU ON 51,000 SQUARE MILES OF DISPUTED TERRITORY IN THE HIMALAYAS. NEHRU HAS SAID HE DOUBTS THE CONFERENCE WILL PRODUCE ANY IMMEDIATE SOLUTION TO THE DISPUTE.

IN A SPEECH LATER BEFORE 100,000 PERSONS AT RAJKOT, NEHRU SAID HE WAS ASHAMED OF MOVES BY WHAT HE CALLED CERTAIN PARTIES TO STAGE HOSTILE DEMONSTRATIONS DURING CHOU'S VISIT.

HE SAID INDIA'S PROBLEMS WITH CHINA MUST BE SOLVED "BOLDLY AND NOT BY SHOWERING ABUSE."

JA517PES

A119

(350)

ADVANCE FOR AMS OF MONDAY, APRIL 4
BY MURRAY CHASS

(ADVANCE) OIL CITY, PA., APRIL 3 (AP)--HIS GRANDFATHER USED TO TELL HIM WHAT A GREAT COUNTRY THE UNITED STATES WAS, BUT FRANCISZEK (FRANK) JARECKI FIGURED "THE OLD MAN WAS JUST TELLING ME THINGS." IN THE RELATIVELY SHORT SPACE OF SEVEN YEARS, THOUGH, THE FORMER

1960

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POLISH PILOT WHO FLED FROM BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN IN A RUSSIAN MIG-15 HAS DISCOVERED THAT HIS GRANDFATHER WAS MORE THAN RIGHT. "YOU HAVE TO GET IN THE COUNTRY TO REALIZE HOW GREAT IT IS," JARECKI SAID IN AN INTERVIEW. "IT'S REALLY WONDERFUL."

SINCE HE FLED FROM POLAND IN MARCH OF 1953, JARECKI HAS COME A LONG WAY. HE HAS MARRIED, OBTAINED A COLLEGE DEGREE, GAINED U.S. CITIZENSHIP AND BECOME MANAGER OF THE OIL CITY MACHINE AND TOOL CO. IT MAKES DIES AND OTHER TOOL MAKING EQUIPMENT AND EMPLOYS ABOUT 60 PERSONS.

"IT'S SUCH A BIG COUNTRY," HE SAID OF THE UNITED STATES. "YOU CAN TRAVEL THROUGH SO MANY CITIES AND STATES AND NO ONE STOPS YOU. THERE IS NO ONE TO CHECK DOCUMENTS OR ASK YOU WHERE YOU ARE GOING OR WHERE YOU ARE COMING FROM."

EVEN THOUGH IT HAS BEEN SEVEN YEARS SINCE HIS BOLD FLIGHT FROM SLUPSK JARECKI IS STILL A MILD CELEBRITY IN THIS COUNTRY.

"WE HAVE THREE SALESMEN ON THE ROAD," HE EXPLAINED. "WHEN THEY MENTION MY NAME TO THE COMPANIES WE DEAL WITH, THEY ASK TO MEET ME. IT HELPS A LOT; IT'S VERY SURPRISING."

WHEREVER HE GOES, JARECKI IS ASKED HOW HE ENJOYS BEING FREE. "FREEDOM IS SOMETHING YOU CAN'T EXPRESS," IS HIS ANSWER. "YOU CAN JUST FEEL IT DEEP IN YOUR HEART."

JARECKI, WHO HAS A BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION DEGREE FROM ALLIANCE COLLEGE IN CAMBRIDGE SPRINGS, PA., ADDED:

"I GOT INTO THINGS SO FAST HERE. I MADE FRIENDS VERY QUICKLY. I DON'T MISS ANYTHING EXCEPT MY MOTHER."

"I HOPE TO BRING HER TO THE UNITED STATES SOMETIME. SHE'S A DARN GOOD COOK."

HE QUICKLY ADDED THAT HIS WIFE, THE FORMER GENEVIEVE SPISHOCK, WHOM HE MARRIED IN 1957, AND ALSO IS "A DARN GOOD COOK." BESIDES MANAGING THE PLANT, JARECKI, TO NO ONE'S SURPRISE, LIKES TO FLY.

"I'M BUILDING A HELICOPTER NOW IN THE MACHINE SHOP," HE EXPLAINED, "AND I ALSO HOPE TO BUY A PLANE LATER THIS YEAR."

END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF MONDAY, APRIL 4, SENT APRIL 2.
R50SPES

S11

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY

(250)

BY ANTHONY WHITE

(ADVANCE) LONDON, SUNDAY, APRIL 3 (AP)-THIRTEEN YEARS BEFORE HITLER CLIMBED TO POWER, BRITISH DIPLOMATS DETECTED RUMBLINGS OF A RESURGENT, MILITARIST GERMANY.

PUBLICATION OF FURTHER OLD BRITISH FOREIGN POLICY DOCUMENTS TODAY DISCLOSED THAT EARLY IN 1920--BARELY 15 MONTHS AFTER THE END OF WORLD WAR I--LORD KILMARNOCK WARNED OF A THREAT FROM UNDER-THE-SURFACE ELEMENTS IN DEFEATED GERMANY.

KILMARNOCK WAS THEN BRITISH CHARGE D'AFFAIRES IN BERLIN. IN ONE DISPATCH TO FOREIGN SECRETARY LORD CURZON HE WROTE THAT HE HAD

NOTICED "IN THE BACKGROUND, TEMPORARILY QUIESCENT, HELPLESS INBED FOR THE MOMENT, BUT NOT ALTOGETHER HOPELESS FOR THE FUTURE, SINISTER, RESENTFUL--THE DEVOTEES OF REACTION, WATCHFUL OF THEIR OPPORTUNITY, READY, EVEN, IT IS SAID, TO HELP THE EXTREMISTS TO PLUNGE THEIR COUNTRY INTO CHAOS IF THEREBY THEIR OWN EVENTUAL AIM MAY BE SERVED."

KILMARNOCK'S DISPATCHES ARE RECORDED IN THE LATEST--THE NINTH--VOLUME OF "DOCUMENTS OF BRITISH FOREIGN POLICY." THE VOLUME DEALS WITH BRITISH-GERMAN AFFAIRS IN THE FIRST HALF OF 1920.

IN FEBRUARY 1920 KILMARNOCK WROTE LORD CURZON THAT THE GERMANS, "WITH THEIR STRONG SENSE OF NATIONALITY AND ORDER, MAY WELD THEMSELVES INTO A NATION WHICH MAY AGAIN PROVE FORMIDABLE TO THE WORLD."

"IT IS BY NO MEANS IMPROBABLE THAT A STRONG GOVERNMENT MAY BE ESTABLISHED WHICH, EVEN THOUGH DEMOCRATIC IN FORM, WILL BE AUTOCRATIC IN ESSENTIALS," HE SAID.

"THERE ARE WOEFULLY FEW SIGNS THAT SUCH A NEW GERMANY WOULD SHOW A REGENERATE SPIRIT."

IN MARCH 1920 FIELD MARSHAL SIR HENRY WILSON, THEN CHIEF OF THE BRITISH IMPERIAL GENERAL STAFF, VISITED THE RHINELAND. ON HIS RETURN HE WROTE "A WARNING ABOUT THE FUTURE."

"I CAN WELL IMAGINE A MILITARIST GERMANY OR A BOLSHEVIST GERMANY, LED BY AN OUTSTANDING FIGURE, RAISING THE STANDARD OF PATRIOTISM AND THE CALL OF CLEARING GERMANY OF ALL FOREIGN INVADERS."

K5104PES

A48

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NEW YORK, APRIL 3 (AP)-REP. CHESTER BOWLES (D-CONN) SAID TODAY HE BELIEVED THE NATION HAS MATURED TO A DEGREE WHERE EITHER A ROMAN CATHOLIC OR A JEW COULD BE ELECTED PRESIDENT.

IN A FILMED INTERVIEW ON THE WRCA-TV PROGRAM, "BRIEFING SESSION," BOWLES SAID HE THINKS SEN. JOHN F. KENNEDY (D-MASS) IS AHEAD AT PRESENT IN THE RUN FOR THE DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION.

NOTING THAT BOTH KENNEDY AND DEMOCRATIC GOV. EDMUND G. BROWN OF CALIFORNIA ARE ROMAN CATHOLICS, HE COMMENTED: "CERTAINLY IT IS NO DISADVANTAGE IN THIS ELECTION CAMPAIGN TO BE A CATHOLIC."

CONCERNING A JEW'S CHANCES OF WINNING THE PRESIDENCY, BOWLES SAID: "I THINK THIS COULD COME AT ANY TIME. WE ARE GROWING UP." HE ADDED:

"WE HAVE A GREAT JEWISH GOVERNOR (ABRAHAM A. RIBICOFF) IN THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT RIGHT NOW."

R321PES

A96WX

(200) KENNEDY

WASHINGTON, APRIL 3 (AP)-SEN. JOHN F. KENNEDY (D-MASS) CALLED TODAY FOR PASSAGE OF A BILL TO PROVIDE MEDICAL AID FOR THE AGED.

KENNEDY, A CANDIDATE FOR THE DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION, ENDORSED A BILL BY REP. AIME J. FORAND (D-RI) FOR FEDERAL PAYMENT OF THE COST OF HEALTH, HOSPITALIZATION AND SURGICAL CARE FOR PENSIONERS UNDER THE SOCIAL SECURITY SYSTEM.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AS WELL AS VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON, THE PROSPECTIVE REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE, HAVE OPPOSED THE FORAND BILL. THE HOUSE WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE VOTED LAST WEEK TO SHELF IT. NEVERTHELESS, KENNEDY SAID ON A TV PROGRAM TAPED WITH SEN. GEORGE A. SMATHERS (D-FLA) FOR FLORIDA STATIONS, THAT HE REGARDS ACTION ON MEDICAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE AGED AS "PRIORITY NUMBER ONE."

"I THINK WE HAVE TO PROVIDE THAT ASSISTANCE IN THIS SESSION OF THE CONGRESS," HE SAID. "THE SECOND THING WE MUST DO IS PROVIDE ADEQUATE HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY."

IN A WIDE RANGING DISCUSSION, KENNEDY SAID ALSO HE THINKS THAT A BALANCED BUDGET OUGHT TO BE THE BASIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FINANCIAL OPERATIONS.

BUT HE SAID HE MAKES TWO EXCEPTIONS.

"IF THERE'S GREAT NATIONAL PERIL THEN WE CANNOT AFFORD TO ECONOMIZE IN THE FIELD OF DEFENSE, FOR EXAMPLE," HE SAID. "OR IF THERE'S A SERIOUS RECESSION WITH RAPIDLY INCREASING UNEMPLOYMENT THEN, OF COURSE, AN UNBALANCED BUDGET IS REALLY A SAVING."

EG638PES

A113K0

-360-

OKLAHOMA CITY, APRIL 3 (AP)-RUSSIA SHOULD BE CHALLENGED TO JOIN THIS NATION IN WORKING TOWARD A BETTER WORLD AND THE RESULTS OF SUCH COOPERATION WOULD BE ONLY GOOD, SEN. LYNDON JOHNSON, (D-TEX) SAID TODAY.

THE SENATE MAJORITY LEADER SAID THIS COUNTRY'S DEFENSES SHOULD BE EVEN STRONGER, BUT THE REAL ROAD TO A LASTING PEACE WAS NOT IN MILITARY STRENGTH ALONE.

"WE CANNOT ALLOW OUR MINDS TO BECOME OBSESSED WITH WEAPONS," THE SENATOR TOLD A JAMMED-PACKED LUNCHEON GATHERING OF THE OKLAHOMA PRESS ASSN. "WE MUST NOT DECEIVE OURSELVES INTO THINKING THAT NUCLEAR HARDWARE AND INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES WILL MAINTAIN PEACE."

THE TALL TEXAN LATER OBVIOUSLY ENJOYED FENDING OFF QUESTIONS FROM NEWSMEN WHO PERSISTENTLY TRIED TO GET HIM TO SAY HE WAS A CANDIDATE FOR THE DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION. HIS REPLIES LEFT LITTLE DOUBT IN THE MINDS OF THE AUDIENCE THAT HE IS A CANDIDATE.

ASKED IF THE OKLAHOMA DELEGATION, WHICH IS INSTRUCTED AND EXPECTED TO BE COMPRISED OF JOHNSON BACKERS, WOULD BE WASTING TIME IN SUPPORT OF HIS CANDIDACY.

"I HAVE HEARD," JOHNSON ANSWERED WITH A TEXAS-WIDE GRIN, "THAT THE FOLKS WHO WILL MAKE UP THE DELEGATION ARE PEOPLE WHO DON'T WASTE THEIR TIME AND ARE THE KIND OF FELLOWS WHO ARE NOT KNOWN TO HAVE WASTED THEIR TIME."

JOHNSON WAS INTRODUCED BY SEN. ROBERT S. KERR (D-OKLA), WHO HAS PUBLICLY ENDORSED THE TEXAN.

"MY FRIEND BOB KERR," JOHNSON SAID, "TOLD ME THE WAY TO MAKE NEWS DOWN HERE WAS TO ANNOUNCE THAT I AM A CANDIDATE FOR THE NOMINATION.

"WELL, I'M ANNOUNCING THAT I'M AN AVOWED CANDIDATE; THAT I WILL CONDUCT A DILIGENT CAMPAIGN--FOR RE-ELECTION FOR THE U. S. SENATE FROM TEXAS."

THE TEXAS PRIMARY IS SET FOR MAY 7, ABOUT A MONTH EARLIER THAN IN THE PAST, AND IS TANTAMOUNT TO ELECTION. THE EARLIER DATE WOULD GIVE JOHNSON AN OPPORTUNITY TO CAMPAIGN FOR THE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION AFTER THE SENATE RACE.

ON OTHER MATTERS JOHNSON SAID HE WAS TOLD HIS HEART NOW IS BETTER THAN EVER SINCE HIS ATTACK MONTHS AGO; THE OUTCOME OF THE WISCONSIN PRIMARY, PITTING PRESIDENTIAL HOPEFULS SEN. JOHN KENNEDY (D-MASS) AND SEN. HUBERT HUMPHREY (D-MINN), MIGHT SWAY "SOME BANDWAGON GROUPS."

"I JUST DON'T KNOW WHAT THE OUTCOME WILL BE," HE SAID, "BUT I NEVER KNOW OF ANYONE WHO CARRIED THE WISCONSIN PRIMARY BEING ELECTED."

JOHNSON SAID HE FELT THE PRESIDENT, REGARDLESS OF PARTY, SHOULD HAVE THE SUPPORT OF ALL THE PEOPLE WHEN HE IS RIGHT.

HE IMPLIED HE COULDN'T GET AWAY FROM CONGRESS NOW TO DO MUCH CAMPAIGNING BECAUSE "SOMEONE HAS TO STAY AND KEEP WATCH ON THE STORE."

THE SENATOR SAID HE THOUGHT A CANDIDATE FOR THE PRESIDENT NOMINATION BEING FROM THE SOUTHWEST WOULD NOT HURT HIS CHANCES.

"A MAN'S ORIGIN SHOULD NOT BE HELD AGAINST HIM," HE DECLARED.

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A125WX

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(100)
WASHINGTON, APRIL 3 (AP)-SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD (D-MONT) SAID TODAY THAT IF SEN. JOHN F. KENNEDY (D-MASS) STUMBLES IN THE PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARIES SEN. LYNDON B. JOHNSON (D-TEX) WILL BE "THE MAN TO WATCH."

MANSFIELD, WHO IS JOHNSON'S ASSISTANT AS SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER, SAID KENNEDY IS "GOING TO BE EXTREMELY HARD TO STOP, IF NOT IMPOSSIBLE TO STOP" FOR THE PARTY PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION IF HE WINS HANDILY IN THE WISCONSIN AND WEST VIRGINIA PRIMARIES.

INTERVIEWED ON A TV PROGRAM TAPED BY SEN. LEVERETT SALTONSTALL (R-MASS) FOR MASSACHUSETTS STATIONS, MANSFIELD SAID HE THINKS JOHNSON WILL HAVE FROM 450 TO 500 VOTES IN THE EARLY BALLOTTING AT THE JULY CONVENTION IN LOS ANGELES. THE TOTAL NEEDED FOR NOMINATION WILL BE 761.

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